

**WHAT YOU
SHOULD KNOW**

CAMPUS SAFETY, DRUGS AND ALCOHOL



UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON POLICE DEPARTMENT

2006/2007

CAMPUS SAFETY AND CRIME STATISTICS

The University of Washington is one of the nation's outstanding universities. For a community of approximately 39,000 students and 28,000 faculty and staff, it is a relatively safe place to be; however, it is subject to many of the same problems that occur in the greater urban community in which it is located. The following information has been prepared to increase your awareness of programs that exist to protect your safety and well-being. Portions are also provided in compliance with laws of the State of Washington (RCW 28B.10.569), the federal Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act (20 USC §1145g), and the federal Student Right-to-Know and Campus Security Act (20 USC §1092).

UW POLICE DEPARTMENT

The primary responsibility for law enforcement on the campus rests with the University of Washington Police Department (UWPD). The UWPD is a state law enforcement agency. UWPD obtained national accreditation and certification in July of 2005. The UWPD works closely with the Seattle Police Department and other law enforcement agencies. Located in the southwest portion of the campus at 1117 N.E. Boat Street, the police station is staffed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The department employs 55 commissioned police officers who have the same authority as other law enforcement officers. All officers are graduates of the Washington State Criminal Justice Training Center or an equivalent academy.

Commissioned officers patrol the campus on a 24-hour basis, staff a crime prevention unit, a detective unit, bicycle patrol, explosives detection canine, and the Residence Hall Patrol, a unit specifically assigned to the residence halls. In addition to the commissioned officers, the police department also houses Parking Enforcement, the Parking Violations Office and the Parking Citation Hearing Office.

The University of Washington Police Department is committed to the accurate gathering and timely dissemination of crime statistics and related information. The UWPD will disseminate timely warnings about crimes that arise, either on or off campus, that constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat to the university community. Timely warnings about crime may be posted on the Department's web page and through the use of email. The UW community can receive tips on crime prevention and other notices through CrimeWatch, for on campus issues and/or WatchDawg for off campus issues. To sign up for either of these programs, sign up on-line at www.washington.edu/admin/police. Victims and witnesses are encouraged to report crimes to the UWPD and may do so on a confidential basis. The UWPD monitors and records, on an annual basis, criminal activity in geographical areas of Seattle that include off-campus locations of student organizations.

The Crime Prevention Unit at UWPD offers educational presentations, which include: personal safety, office safety, campus violence prevention and readiness, and identity theft prevention. The Crime Prevention also conducts petty cash assessments and physical security surveys. You can register your

bicycle and personal electronic equipment on-line at the UWPD home page at www.washington.edu/admin/police.

USE OF FACILITIES

Access to University facilities is governed by Administrative Policy Statement 13.3, "Building Security Regulations,"

www.washington.edu/admin/rules/APS/13.03.html

"Use of University of Washington Facilities" and WAC 478-136

www.washington.edu/provost/specialprograms/uuf.html

WEAPONS

The possession or use of firearms, explosives, dangerous chemicals or other dangerous weapons or instrumentalities on the University campus, except for authorized university purposes, is prohibited unless prior written approval has been obtained from the Chief of Police, or any other person designated by the President of the University. (WAC 478-124-020(2)(e) and 478-120-020(3)(f).

EMERGENCY — 911

If you observe anything suspicious, sense a potential threat, or become the victim of a crime, call UWPD by dialing 911 from any campus telephone. 911 calls from pay telephones are free. If you dial 911 from a cell phone, tell the operator you need to talk to the UW Police.

NON-EMERGENCY

The UW Police Department's non-emergency telephone number is 206-685-UWPD (8973). UWPD dispatchers are available on a 24 hour basis. It is recommended that you program the non-emergency number into your cell phone.

60-DAY CRIME/INCIDENT LOG

UW Police Department maintains a 60-day crime/incident log which includes all incidents where a Records number is generated. The log includes the date the crime/incident was reported, the date and time the incident occurred, general location of the incident, and disposition. To view the UW Campus 60-Day crime log visit www.washington.edu/admin/police/records/uwupd_dailyrecords.pdf. Hard copies of the report may also be obtained at the UW Police Department.

Harborview Medical Center maintains a separate 60-day crime log. The crime log includes the date the crime was reported to Harborview Department of Public Safety, the date and time of occurrence, the general location of the crime, and disposition if known. The crime log is available in hard copy at any time at the Harborview Department of Public Safety Communications Center in room 8EH74. The phone number is 206-731-3193.

*Emergency Telephones
are located throughout campus*



UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON POLICE DEPARTMENT (UWPD)

2006 CLERY STATS

Part I & Selected Part II Crime Statistics

OFFENSE	YEAR	ON CAMPUS ¹	** RESIDENTIAL FACILITIES ² (SUBSET OF CAMPUS)	NON-CAMPUS ³	PUBLIC AREAS ⁴	SEATTLE POLICE ⁵ SPD
MURDER/ NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2006	0	0	0	0	0
	2005	0	0	0	0	0
	2004	0	0	0	0	0
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2006	0	0	0	0	1
	2005	0	0	0	0	0
	2004	0	0	0	0	0
SEX OFFENSES, FORCIBLE <small>Includes: Forcible Rape, Forcible Sodomy Sexual Assault w/ object, Forcible Fondling</small>	2006	2	1	1	1	1
	2005	6	4	2	0	1
	2004	1	0	2	0	4
SEX OFFENSES, NON FORCIBLE <small>(includes only incest and statutory rape)</small>	2006	1	1	1	1	5
	2005	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2004	0	0	0	0	N/A
ROBBERY	2006	2	0	1	0	18
	2005	2	1	2	1	54
	2004	4	0	0	4	48
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2006	4	0	5	1	35
	2005	2	0	2	1	99
	2004	0	0	2	1	66
BURGLARY	2006	87	15	57	0	194
	2005	87	29	98	0	264
	2004	51	20	40	2	270
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT <small>(includes attempted motor vehicle thefts)</small>	2006	31	0	3	0	257
	2005	46	0	3	0	350
	2004	33	0	2	2	284
ARSON	2006	4	0	2	1	4
	2005	2	0	2	1	10
	2004	3	0	1	1	1
LIQUOR LAW ARRESTS ⁶	2006	34	19	15	2	N/A
	2005	30	10	2	10	N/A
	2004	24	19	5	14	N/A
DRUG LAW ARRESTS	2006	26	13	0	2	N/A
	2005	9	2	0	2	N/A
	2004	5	4	2	20	N/A
WEAPONS-LAW ARRESTS	2006	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2005	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2004	2	0	0	1	N/A
SIMPLE ASSAULT	2006	31	10	121	0	64
	2005	24	2	119	1	207
	2004	26	3	91	5	151
LARCENY	2006	629	31	186	2	592
	2005	594	30	217	0	1024
	2004	550	20	233	6	920
HATE CRIMES ⁷	2006	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2005	0	0	0	0	N/A
	2004	0	0	0	0	N/A

** Crimes reported in the residential facility columns are included in the on campus category

1 On-Campus UWPD jurisdiction statistics of crimes that occurred, primarily in buildings, on the UW-Seattle Campus and adjacent owned or controlled properties reasonably contiguous to the main campus. On-Campus crimes includes those reported in the Residential Facilities.

2 Residential Facilities on campus are Hansee, McCarty, Haggett, McMahon, Terry/Lander Hall, Mercer, Stevens Court, Blakeley/Laurel Village, Nordheim Court and the Commodore-Duchess. These facilities house students on, or contiguous to, the UW-Seattle Campus.

3 Non-Campus includes off campus affiliates such as privately owned, off-campus, fraternity and sorority houses and any research vessels in addition to university owned or controlled off-campus facilities not considered to be a Branch Campus. Non-campus buildings: Roosevelt II Clinic, Harborview Medical Ctr. and Harborview Research /Training Bldg. The University of Washington also owns (16) other Non-campus properties.

4 Public Property Thoroughfares, Streets and sidewalks that are immediately adjacent to the campus.

5 Property SPD Seattle Police Department (SPD) crime statistics are for census tract areas surrounding the UW Campus. (SPD census tract areas that surround the UW Campus are: 041, 043, 053.01, 053.02). To view SPD Crime Data visit www.cityofseattle.net/police/crime/stats.htm

6 Liquor Law Arrests DUI arrests are not included in these statistics.

7 Hate Crimes Involving Crimes or Incidents of violence against persons characterized by bias against Race, Gender, Religion, Sexual Orientation, Ethnicity, National Origin and/or Disability

Not Available (N/A): The SPD data is not available. To view SPD Crime Data visit www.cityofseattle.net/police/crime/stats.htm

The above listed statistics may differ from previous publications of this data from year to year. These differences may be due to updates to the 20 USC section1092(f), the "Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act", and the U.S. CFR. Reference: <http://www.securityoncampus.org>

SAFECAMPUS

PREVENTING VIOLENCE IS EVERYONE'S RESPONSIBILITY.

Visit www.washington.edu/safecampus and register online for all-campus Violence Prevention and Response sessions. Preventing violence on campus is a responsibility we all share. Learn the warning signs and how to respond in a free 50 minute briefing session. Open to students, faculty and staff. Sessions are scheduled throughout Autumn Quarter.

If you're concerned, tell someone. Report concerns, seek advice or counseling:

- Seattle: 206-685-SAFE (206-685-7233)
- Bothell: 425-352-SAFE (425-352-7233)
- Tacoma: 253-692-SAFE (253-692-7233)

Call 911 IF YOU ARE IN DANGER OR FEEL THREATENED.

(At HMC only, call 206-744-5555 for additional security officer assistance)

HUSKY NIGHTWALK

Call to have a UW security guard accompany you to any location within the campus community at Seattle campus: 206-685-WALK (206-685-9255)

OTHER CAMPUS PROGRAMS

- HMC: 206-744-3193
- Bothell: 425-352-5359
- Tacoma: 253-692-4416

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE IN THE WORKPLACE AWARENESS

GOVERNOR'S EXECUTIVE ORDER 96-05

Domestic violence is a serious problem that affects people from all walks of life. Domestic violence refers to abusive behavior (by either a household member or dating partner) that is either physical, sexual, and/or psychological, and intended to establish and maintain control over an individual. It can adversely affect the well-being and productivity of employees and their co-workers. Domestic Violence that intrudes into the workplace is reported by following the University of Washington Administrative Policy 11.7.(APS) Visit the APS web-site at [http:// www.washington.edu/admin/rules/APS/11.07.html](http://www.washington.edu/admin/rules/APS/11.07.html). It contains the policy for Reporting Workplace Related Domestic Violence. To this end, the University will provide appropriate information, support and assistance to employees. Employees who are victims or perpetrators of domestic violence are encouraged to seek assistance.

- www.washington.edu/safecampus/
- Tell someone you trust—a co-worker, Supervisor, manager or friend
- Contact your human resources representative or departmental administrator

EMPLOYEE RESOURCES

- Contact UW Care Link All Employee Advisory Service
1-866-598-3978 (toll free)
1-800-833-3031 (toll free)
- Contact the 24-hour Washington State Domestic Violence Hotline
1-800-562-6025 (v /tty).

For more information, visit the
UWPD Home Page at

<http://www.washington.edu/admin/police/>

SEXUAL OFFENSES

The University is committed to providing its faculty, students and staff with an environment conducive to the pursuit of knowledge. Conduct constituting a sexual offense, whether forcible or non-forcible, such as rape, assault, forcible fondling or sexual harassment, is not tolerated. When they occur in the workplace, rape and other forcible or non-forcible sex offenses may result in a variety of disciplinary actions, including suspension or termination from the University. In cases involving an alleged sexual offense, the accuser and the accused are entitled to the same opportunities to have others present during a disciplinary hearing. Both the accuser and accused shall be informed of the outcome of any campus disciplinary proceeding as a result of an alleged sexual assault.

The Washington State Criminal Code (Title 9A RCW) defines rape as engaging in sexual intercourse with another person:

A) by forcible compulsion; or

B) when the victim is incapable of consent by reason of being physically helpless or mentally incapacitated (e.g., when the victim has consumed alcohol and/or other drugs, either voluntarily or involuntarily); or

C) when the victim does not consent to sexual intercourse with the perpetrator and such lack of consent was clearly expressed by the victim's words or conduct.

In some instances, the victim may know the assailant, but often does not realize the incident meets the legal definition of rape. Acquaintance rape may fall into any of the following categories: first and second degree rape are Class A felonies punishable under the Washington State Criminal Code by up to life in prison and/or a \$50,000 fine; and third degree rape is a Class C felony punishable by up to five years in prison and/or a \$10,000 fine.

If you are sexually assaulted resources are available both on campus and off campus. The University of Washington Police Department has adopted the following letter responding to sexual assault:

SEXUAL ASSAULT RESPONSE COMMITMENT

Sexual assault, including date/acquaintance rape, is a very serious concern of this Police Department. If you feel you are a victim of a sexual assault on campus, the Police Department will guarantee the following:

UWPD COMMITMENT

1. We will meet with you privately, at a time and local place of your choice, to take your report.
2. We cannot and will not notify your parents without your consent.
3. We will treat you and your particular case with courtesy, sensitivity, dignity, understanding and professionalism.
4. Our officers will not prejudge you, and you will not be blamed for what occurred.
5. We will assist you in arranging for any necessary hospital treatment or other medical needs. We will also assist in emergency housing if needed.
6. If you would feel more comfortable having a friend or advocate of your choice present, we will do our best to accommodate your request.
7. We will fully investigate your case, and will help you to achieve the best outcome. This may involve the arrest and full prosecution of the suspect responsible. You will be kept up-to-date on the progress of the investigation and/or prosecution.

8. We will assist you in privately contacting counseling and other available resources.
9. We will continue to be available to answer your questions, to explain the system and process involved (prosecutor, courts, etc.), and to be a listening ear if you wish.
10. We will consider your case seriously regardless of your gender or the gender or status of the suspect.

If you are the victim of a sexual assault, call 911 or 206–685–UWPD (8793) to reach the University of Washington Police Department (any time of day or night) to privately make a complaint.

Call a friend, or someone you trust, for support, and seek medical attention at once since all injuries are not readily apparent. Do not bathe, douche, change or wash your clothes—it is important to preserve evidence in case you decide to press charges.

If you are a victim of a sexual assault off-campus, call the Seattle Police Department or your local law enforcement agency.

You are encouraged to seek help in coping with the aftermath of the assault and in exploring and arranging for counseling. SARIS is a valuable resource when dealing with the trauma of a sexual assault: SARIS@u.washington.edu, HUB Room 240L, 206–685–HELP. There are also many off campus resources that have physicians and counselors trained in sexual-assault trauma, and offer treatment, information, support and referral. (See Directory of Services)

SEX OFFENDER NOTIFICATION

All Sex Offenders are classified into levels of risk (low, moderate, or high) at the time of their release from corrections facilities. Unless restricted by a court order, sex/kidnap offenders are constitutionally permitted to live wherever they choose. Sex Offenders are required to register with the Sheriff of the county in which they reside.

The University of Washington Police Department, Crime Prevention Unit maintains records of sex offenders who have been brought to the attention of the UWPD by either the Seattle Police Department or King County Sherriff's Office.

WHAT ARE THE DIFFERENT SEX OFFENDER LEVELS AND WHAT DO THEY MEAN?

The vast majority of registered sex offenders are classified as Level I offenders. They are considered to be a **low risk** to re-offend. These individuals may be first time offenders and they are usually known by their victims. Information shall be shared with other law enforcement agencies, and, upon request, any victim or witness to the offense and to any individual community member who lives near the residence where the offender resides, expects to reside,

or is regularly found. **Level I offenders MAY NOT be the subject of general public notification.**

Level II offenders are considered to have **moderate risk** of re-offending. They generally have more than one victim and the abuse may be long term. These offenders usually groom their victims and may use threats to commit their crimes. Level II notifications may be disclosed to public and private schools, child day care centers, family day care providers, businesses and organizations that serve primarily children, women or vulnerable adults, and neighbors and community groups near the residence where the offender resides, expects to reside, or is regularly found. **Information regarding level II sex offenders MAY BE disclosed to the public at large.**

Level III offenders are deemed the **greatest risk** to the community. Most are predatory, have other violent crime convictions, refused treatment and are known substance abusers. Community notification is the most extensive. Information regarding **Level III sex offenders MAY BE disclosed to the public at large.**

King County sex offender search:

www.metrokc.gov/sheriff/services/sex_offender_search/index.aspx

FOR MORE INFORMATION

Contact the University of Washington Police Department, Crime Prevention Unit at 206-543-9338 during normal business hours or the UWPD website, www.washington.edu/admin/police/index.php.

SHUTTLE SERVICES

Night Ride shuttles operate Sunday through Thursday from 8:00 p.m. to 12:15 a.m. during autumn, winter and spring quarters, but do not operate during summer quarter. The shuttles carry students, faculty and staff from campus to their destinations in three zones within one mile north, east, and west of campus. Both the zone and the color are displayed on the front and side of each van. Passengers may ride free with their U-PASS. The shuttles pick up passengers every 15 minutes at five stops—at the HUB, Stevens Way at Garfield Lane, Meany Hall, at the flagpole southeast of Parrington Hall and at the Art Building and the Intramural Activities Building (IMA). Upon request, East Zone vans will drop off passengers along Whitman Court, McMahon, Haggett, McCarty and Hansee Halls; however, the Night Ride does not pick up passengers at those locations. A wheelchair-accessible van operates on the half hour from 8:15 p.m. to 12:15 a.m. Schedules are posted at each of the Night Ride stops. For more information, call the Transportation Office at 206-685-3146 during business hours, visit www.washington.edu/commuterservices or e-mail upass@u.washington.edu.

UW MEDICAL CENTER ESCORTS

Hospital Public Safety Officers provide an escort for Medical Center employees from the second floor east entrance to the Hospital to the nearby parking lots. This is a free service that is provided 3:30 p.m. to 6:00 a.m., seven days a week. To arrange for an escort, contact the security desk at 206-598-4082 and let the officer know when you will be ready to depart from the above location. For more information, call the UWMC Public Safety Office at 206-598-4909.

HUSKY NIGHTWALK

206-685-WALK (9255) — A walking escort for students, staff and faculty within the campus community. Security guards will walk, upon request, from 6:00pm to 2:00am year round.

ALCOHOL AND ILLEGAL DRUGS POLICY

Generally, possession and consumption of alcoholic beverages are not permitted on campus. The exceptions are 1) meetings or other functions when a state liquor banquet permit has been obtained — applications are available in the **Office of the Vice Provost for Student Life** and the permit is issued pursuant to regulations of the University and the Washington State Liquor Control Board; or 2) in residence hall rooms or apartments with the doors closed, except that kegs or other common-source containers are never allowed in the residence halls. As prescribed by state law, it is illegal to sell alcohol without a permit and no one under age 21 is permitted to consume alcohol.

The University of Washington is committed to maintaining an environment of teaching and learning which is free of illicit drugs and alcohol. In compliance with the requirements of the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act, all students and employees of the University of Washington are notified of the following:

1. The unlawful possession, use, distribution or manufacture of alcohol or controlled substances (as defined in RCW 69.50) on the University Campus or during University-sponsored activities are prohibited (WAC 478-124).
 - a. Students and employees who are found to be in violation of this stated prohibition may be subject to arrest and conviction under the applicable criminal laws of local municipalities, the State of Washington, or the United States. Conviction can result in sanctions including probation, fines and imprisonment.
 - b. Students who are found to be in violation of this stated prohibition are subject to discipline in accordance with the requirements and procedures of the Student Conduct Code (WAC 478-120). Discipline may include disciplinary probation or dismissal from the University.

- c. Faculty and staff employees who are found to be in violation of this stated prohibition are subject to discipline in accordance with the applicable University employment rules and procedures. Discipline may include salary reduction, suspension or termination of employment.
2. The University of Washington Administrative Policy Statement 13.7 (APS) is found on-line at the APS web-site. It contains the provisions of the University's Alcohol and Drug Abuse Policy. Visit the APS web-site at <http://www.washington.edu/admin/rules/APS/13.07.html>

Employees and students should be aware that:

- a. It is dangerous to use and abuse alcohol and other drugs, and that many illnesses and deaths have been medically related to the use and abuse of illicit drugs and alcohol;
 - b. The University has declared itself to be a drug-free work and educational environment;
 - c. Confidential counseling and referral services for the employees with concerns about alcohol or drug dependency are available from the University's Employee Assistance Program, UW Care Link, which provides employee assistance services for faculty and staff, dependents in the location nationwide, and family or household members. Information about UW Care Link is found on the University of Washington Human Resources web-site at <http://www.washington.edu/admin/hr/benefits/worklife/carelink/>
3. In addition to the above requirements, and in accordance with the requirements of the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, all employees are notified that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of controlled substances (as defined in 21 U.S.C. §912) is prohibited in the workplace. An employee convicted of a criminal violation occurring in the workplace involving a controlled substance must notify his/her supervisor, dean, and the Vice Provost for Research within 5 days of the conviction. If the employee is supported on federal funds, the Vice Provost for Research is required to inform the appropriate federal agency of this conviction within 10 days of the employee's notification. Further, the University will, with regard to such an employee, take appropriate disciplinary action, and/or require such an employee to participate satisfactorily in an approved drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program.

FEDERAL DRUG LAWS

The possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs is prohibited by federal law. Strict penalties are provided for drug convictions, including mandatory prison terms for many offenses. The following information, although not complete, is an overview of federal penalties for first convictions. All penalties are doubled for any subsequent drug conviction.

A. Denial of Federal Benefits (21 USC §862)

A federal drug conviction may result in the loss of federal benefits, including school loans, grants, contracts, and licenses. Federal drug trafficking convictions may result in denial of federal benefits for up to 5 years for a first conviction, 10 years for a second conviction, and permanent denial of federal benefits for a third conviction. Federal drug convictions for possession may result in denial of federal benefits for up to 1 year for a first conviction and up to 5 years for subsequent convictions.

B. Forfeiture of Personal Property and Real Estate (21 USC §853)

Any person convicted of a federal drug offense punishable by more than one year in prison shall forfeit to the United States any personal or real property related to the violation, including houses, cars, and other personal belongings. A warrant of seizure may be issued and property seized at the time an individual is arrested on charges that may result in forfeiture.

C. Federal Drug Trafficking Penalties (21 USC §841)

Penalties for federal drug trafficking convictions vary according to the quantity of the controlled substance involved in the transaction. The following list is a sample of the range and severity of federal penalties imposed for first convictions. Penalties for subsequent convictions are twice as severe. If death or serious bodily injury results from the use of a controlled substance which has been illegally distributed, the person convicted on federal charges of distributing the substance faces a prison term of not less than 20 years, but not more than life, and fines ranging up to \$8 million.

Persons convicted on federal charges of drug trafficking within 1,000 feet of a University (21 USC §860) face penalties of prison terms and fines which are twice as high as the regular penalties for the offense, with a mandatory prison sentence of at least 1 year.

FEDERAL DRUG POSSESSION PENALTIES

D. Federal Drug Possession Penalties (21 USC §844)

Persons convicted on federal charges of possessing any controlled substance face penalties of up to 1 year in prison and a minimum fine of \$1,000, or both. Second convictions are punishable by not less than 15 days but not more than 2 years in prison and a minimum fine of \$2,500. Subsequent convictions are punishable by not less than 90 days but not more than 3 years in prison and a minimum fine of \$5,000.

Special sentencing provisions for possession of crack cocaine impose a mandatory prison term of not less than 5 years but not more than 20 years and a minimum fine of \$1,000, or both, if:

- a. it is a first conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeds 5 grams;
- b. it is a second conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeds 3 grams;
- c. it is a third or subsequent crack conviction and the amount exceeds 1 gram.

Civil penalties of up to \$10,000 may also be imposed for possession of small amounts of controlled substances, whether or not criminal prosecution is pursued.

Special sentencing provisions for possession of Flunitrazepam (Rohypnol, “roofies” or “roaches”) impose a prison term of not more than 3 years, a fine up to \$5,000, or both.

FEDERAL DRUG POSSESSION PENALTIES

SUBSTANCE	AMOUNT	PENALTY—FIRST CONVICTION
Heroin	1 kg. or more	Prison: Not less than 10 years, not more than life. Fine: up to \$4 million.
Cocaine	5 kg. or more	
Crack Cocaine	50 gm. or more	
Methamphetamine	100 gm. or more	
PCP	100 gm. or more	
LSD	10 gm. or more	
Marijuana	1,000 kg. or more	
N-Phenyl-N-propanamide	400 gm. or more	
Heroin	100–999 gm.	Prison: Not less than 5 years, not more than 40 years. Fine: up to \$2 million.
Cocaine	500–4,999 gm.	
Crack Cocaine	5–49 gm.	
Amphetamines	Any amount	Prison: up to 3 years. Fine: up to \$250,000.
Barbiturates	Any amount	
Marijuana	50–100 kg.	Prison: up to 20 years. Fine: up to \$1 million.
Hashish	10–100 kg.	
Hash Oil	1–100 kg.	
Flunitrazepam (Rohypnol, “roofies” or “roaches”)	1 gm.	
Marijuana	less than 50 kg.	Prison: up to 5 years. Fine: up to \$250,000.
Hashish	less than 10 kg.	
Hash Oil	less than 1 kg.	
Flunitrazepam (Rohypnol, “roofies” or “roaches”)	less than 30 mg.	

WASHINGTON STATE DRUG LAWS (RCW 69.50)

The following is a partial list of illicit drugs considered to be controlled substances by the State of Washington: Narcotics (opium and cocaine, and all drugs extracted, derived, or synthesized from opium and cocaine, including crack cocaine and heroin); Marijuana; Methamphetamine; Barbiturates; and Hallucinogenic Substances (LSD, peyote, mescaline, psilocybin, PCP, THC, MDA, STP).

A. State Penalties for Illegal Sale of Controlled Substances

The illegal sale of any controlled substance is punishable by up to 5 years in prison, \$10,000 fine, or both.

B. State Penalties for Illegal Manufacture or Delivery of Controlled Substances

Narcotics—Up to 10 years in prison, \$25,000 to \$100,000 fine, or both.

Non-narcotics—Up to 5 years in prison, \$10,000 fine, or both.

C. State Penalties for Possession of Controlled Substances

Possession of any controlled substance is punishable by up to 5 years in prison, a \$10,000 fine, or both.

Possession of less than 40 grams of marijuana and possession of drug paraphernalia are misdemeanors in the State of Washington.

More severe penalties are provided for persons convicted of providing controlled substances to minors, repeat offenses, and on or near schools or parks.

HEALTH RISKS

Some Commonly Abused Substances

SUBSTANCE	SOME POSSIBLE LONG-TERM EFFECTS
Alcohol	toxic psychosis, physical dependence, neurological and liver damage, fetal alcohol syndrome, impaired judgment
Amphetamines <i>uppers, speed, crank</i>	loss of appetite, delusions, hallucinations, heart problems, hypertension, irritability, insomnia, toxic psychosis, rebound depression
Barbiturates <i>barbs, bluebirds, blues</i>	severe withdrawal symptoms, possible convulsions, toxic psychosis, depression, physical dependence, impaired judgment
Benzodiazepines <i>(Valium, Xanax, Ativan, Dalmane, Rohypnol) benzos, downers, sleepers, tranqs, roofies</i>	impaired judgment, sedation, panic reaction, seizures, psychological dependence, physical dependence
Cocaine & Cocaine freebase	loss of appetite, depression, weight loss, seizure, heart attack, stroke, hypertension, psychosis, chronic cough, nasal passage injury, hallucinations
Codeine <i>coke</i>	physical dependence, constipation, loss of appetite, lethargy, respiratory depression
Heroin <i>H, junk, smack</i>	physical dependence, constipation, loss of appetite, lethargy, respiratory depression
Inhalants <i>ames, gas, laughing gas, poppers, snappers</i>	psychological dependence, psychotic reactions, confusion, frozen airway, sudden death
LSD <i>acid</i>	may intensify existing psychosis, panic reactions, can interfere with psychological adjustment and social functioning, insomnia, flashbacks
MDA, MDMA, MOMA <i>ecstasy, xtc</i>	same as LSD, sleeplessness, nausea, confusion, increased blood pressure, sweating, paranoia
Marijuana (cannabis) <i>pot, grass, dope, weed, joints</i>	bronchitis, conjunctivitis, mood swings, paranoia, lethargy, impaired concentration
Mescaline (peyote cactus) <i>mesc, peyote</i>	may intensify existing psychosis, hallucinations at high dose
Methaqualone <i>ludes</i>	coma, convulsions
Morphine <i>M, morf</i>	physical dependence, constipation, loss of appetite, lethargy
PCP <i>crystal, tea, angel dust</i>	psychotic behavior, violent acts, psychosis, hallucinations at high dose
Psilocybin <i>magic mushrooms, shrooms</i>	may intensify existing psychosis
Steroids <i>roids, juice</i>	cholesterol imbalance, acne, baldness, anger management problems, masculinization of women, breast enlargement in men, premature fusion of long bones preventing attainment of normal height, atrophy of reproductive organs, impotence, reduced fertility, stroke, hypertension, congestive heart failure, liver damage, depression

IMPORTANT TELEPHONE NUMBERS

UW Police emergency, fire, medical aid

From any campus telephone 911
From pay telephones 911

UW Police non-emergency line

206-543-UWPD (8973)

UW Police administrative line

206-543-0507

Student Life

206-543-4972

UW Police non-emergency line for the hearing-impaired

206-543-3323

University Complaint Investigation and Resolution Office

206-616-2028

University Ombudsman

206-543-6028

Ombudsman for Sexual Harassment

206-543-0283

IMPORTANT RESOURCE NUMBERS

Main campus Human Resources

206-543-2333

UW Compensation Office

206-543-9404

Health Sciences Human Resources

206-543-9406

UW Medical Center Human Resources

206-548-6116

UW Student Counseling Center

206-543-1240

Hall Health

206-685-1011

Harborview Medical Human Resources

206-744-9220

Academic Human Resources

206-543-5630

UWPD Home Page:

<http://www.washington.edu/admin/uwpd>

UWPD e-mail address:

police@u.washington.edu

OFF-CAMPUS RESOURCES:

Adult Children of Alcoholics

206-722-6117

Al-Anon (24 hours)

206-625-0000

Alcohol and Drug 24-hour Help Line

206-722-3700

WA STATE ONLY 1-800-562-1240

Alcoholics Anonymous (24 hours)

206-587-2838

Crisis Clinic 24-hour crisis line

1-866-427-4747

206-461-3222

Domestic Violence Hotline

(24 hours) 1-800-562-6025

Harborview Medical Center

Emergency Trauma 24-hour

206-731-3074

Sexual Assault and traumatic Stress Ctn.

(8:30 a.m.–5:00 p.m., M–F)

206-521-1800

King Co. Sexual Assault Resource Center

1-800-825-7273

Poison Center

1-800-222-1222

Campus Maps and Directions Home Page:

www.washington.edu/home/maps/